



Oxford Cambridge and RSA

Wednesday 6 October 2021 – Morning

A Level Computer Science

H446/01 Computer Systems

Time allowed: 2 hours 30 minutes



Do not use:

- a calculator



Please write clearly in black ink. **Do not write in the barcodes.**

Centre number

--	--	--	--	--

Candidate number

--	--	--	--

First name(s) _____

Last name _____

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Answer **all** the questions.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **140**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document has **24** pages.

ADVICE

- Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

2

Answer **all** the questions.

1 OCR Insurance uses a computer system to calculate the price that customers pay for car insurance.

(a) The computer system contains a CPU, GPU, RAM and ROM.

(i) State **two** factors that affect the performance of a CPU.

1

.....

2

.....

[2]

(ii) Explain the difference between RAM and ROM, including how these are used by the computer system.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [4]

(iii) Describe **one** non-graphical use OCR Insurance may have for a GPU.

.....

.....

.....

..... [2]

3

(b) The CPU uses pipelining to improve efficiency.

Explain what is meant by the term 'pipelining'.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [3]

5

- (d) Customers' details are stored in the flat file database table `Customer`. An extract of the table is shown below.

<u>CustomerID</u>	Surname	Title	Phone	CarReg
JJ178	James	Mr	(0121) 343223	DY51 KKY
HG876	Habbick	Miss	(01782) 659234	PG62 CRG
EV343	Elise	Mrs	(07834) 123998	HN59 GFR
PG127	Pleston	Mr	(07432) 234543	JB67 DSF

- (i) State what is meant by the term 'primary key', identifying the primary key in the table above.

.....

 [2]

- (ii) Write the SQL statement that would show only the `CustomerID` and `Surname` fields for customers with the `Title` "Miss" or "Mrs".

.....

 [4]

- (iii) Describe **one** problem that would arise with the flat file database structure if a customer wanted to insure more than one car at the same time.

.....

 [2]

- 2 (a) (i) Convert the denary number 231 to an unsigned 8-bit binary number.

.....
.....
.....
..... [1]

- (ii) Convert the hexadecimal number 6F to an unsigned 8-bit binary number.

.....
.....
.....
..... [1]

- (b) The floating point number 0011010100 is stored using 6 bits for the mantissa and 4 bits for the exponent, both in two's complement. This number is not normalised.

- (i) Give the normalised version of this number, showing your working.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
..... [4]

3 A website sells tickets for sporting events. The website uses HTML, CSS and JavaScript.

(a) Describe the purpose of HTML and CSS within the code of the website.

HTML

.....

.....

.....

CSS

.....

.....

.....

[4]

(b) One page in the website contains a hyperlink on an image. When the image stored as "ticket.png" is clicked, the user is hyperlinked to the page stored as "booking.htm".

Write the HTML code to implement this hyperlink.

.....

.....

.....

[3]

10

The website charges a booking fee of £2.99 on each ticket sold. In addition, if the tickets are purchased from outside of the UK, £4.99 is added to the booking fee. The booking fee is calculated using a JavaScript function named `bookingfee()`.

(c) Complete the definition of the `bookingfee()` function below.

```
function bookingfee(numtickets, country) {
    var nonUKprice = 4.99;
    var perTicketPrice = .....;
    var total = 0;
    if (country!="UK") {
        total = total + .....;
    }
    total = total + (..... * perTicketPrice);
    ..... total;
}
```

[4]

(d) The JavaScript function above is used to show users the booking fee. When users click to buy the tickets, the booking fee is calculated again on the server.

(i) Explain why server side processing is used to recalculate the booking fee.

.....

 [3]

(ii) Explain **one** advantage of client side processing to either the customer buying the tickets, or to company who own the website.

.....

 [2]

13

- 5 All users of a computer system have a unique username and password. The computer system has implemented two-factor authentication so that users must respond to either an email or text message containing a secret code to be able to access the system.

Let:

A be a Boolean value for if a user enters a valid username

B be a Boolean value for if a user enters a password that matches their username

C be a Boolean value for if a user is able to respond to an email containing a secret code

D be a Boolean value for if a user is able to respond to a text message containing a secret code

Q be a Boolean value for if entry to the computer system is allowed

- (a) Complete the Boolean expression below:

$Q \equiv \dots\dots\dots [3]$

- (b) Another Boolean expression for a logic system is shown below:

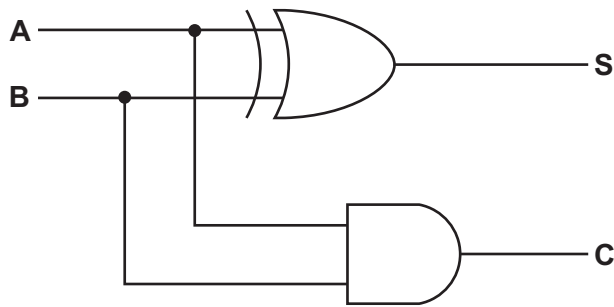
$Q \equiv \neg (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$

- (i) Simplify this Boolean expression so that it does not include any negation. You must explain which Boolean algebra rule(s) you are using at each step.

.....

 [2]

14



(c) The logic circuit above has two inputs (**A**, **B**) and two outputs (**S**, **C**).

(i) Give the Boolean expressions for the outputs **S** and **C**.

S ≡

C ≡

[2]

(ii) Complete the truth table for this logic circuit.

A	B	S	C
0	0		
0	1		
1	0		
1	1		

[2]

(iii) Describe how this logic circuit can be adapted to add together two 4-bit binary numbers.

.....

 [4]

15
BLANK PAGE

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

6 A program written using the Little Man Computer instruction set is shown in **Fig. 1**.

```

                                INP
                                STA numone
                                INP
                                STA numtwo
main   LDA numone
        SUB numtwo
        BRP pos
notpos LDA count
        OUT
        LDA numone
        OUT
        HLT
pos     STA numone
        LDA count
        ADD one
        STA count
        BRA main
numone DAT
numtwo DAT
one     DAT 1
count  DAT 0

```

Fig. 1

(a) Various registers are used when the program above is executed.

(i) State what is meant by the term 'register'.

.....

.....

.....

..... [2]

(ii) Explain how the accumulator is used when the line `BRP pos` is executed.

.....

.....

.....

..... [2]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

21

- (b) The same workers' names are stored in a binary search tree which is ordered alphabetically.

Kirstie is set as the root node, with Martyn, Louise, Alex and Anna added one by one.



- (i) Complete the tree diagram above to show where Martyn, Louise, Alex and Anna would be added to this binary search tree. **[4]**

- (ii) Describe the process of using the binary search tree above to search for the name "Zoe".

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... **[3]**

- (iii) Compare the efficiency of a binary search tree to a linked list when searching for data.

.....

.....

.....

..... **[2]**

(iv) Compare the efficiency of a binary search tree to a hash table when searching for data.

.....
.....
.....
..... [2]

(c) An object oriented system is implemented to organise further information about each worker's attendance. Classes, objects, methods and attributes are used in this system.

(i) State the meaning of each of the following terms:

Object

.....

Method

.....

Attribute

..... [3]

